

Determination of methamphetamines in human saliva by GC-MS and two step injection on-column derivatization

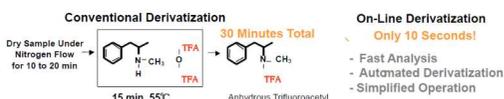
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1. Overview

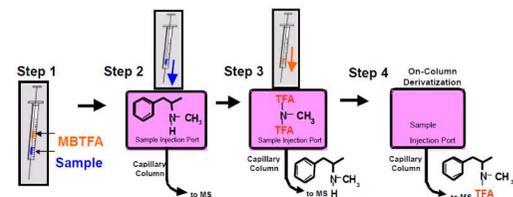
Two-Step Autoinjector for Analyzing Amphetamine-Type Stimulants and Other Amine-Type Drugs in human saliva.

2. Introduction

To Analyze drugs using GCMS,samples are derivatized for high sensitivity.Typically samples are derivatized by placing them in a glass tube or vial and reacting them with a derivatizing agent,but the entire process requires about 30 minutes.However,the two-step injection mode provides a much easier method for derivatization,where the sample and derivatizing agent are each injected into the GC sample injection port and derivatized within column.

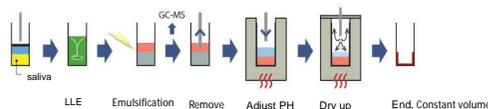


This instrument is designed to accomplish the two-step sample injection method described above,using only a single autoinjector.When this method was performed manually,two microsyringes were used to inject the test sample and derivatizing agent separately,but this system suctions both the derivatizing agent and test sample into a single,then injects the derivatizing agent and waits a few seconds before injecting the sample



3. Methods and Materials

Sample extraction: Analytical sample was extracted by ATLAS-USIS,a analysis treatment laboratory automatic system.



Shimadzu ATLAS-USIS

Shimadzu GCMS-QP2020

4. Result

Two-Step Mode Parameters

MBTFA Injection mode: 3(MBTFA fast injection)
 MBTFA Suction Volume:1.0μL
 Volume of Air Suctioned:2.0μL
 Volume of air when injecting sample:1.0μL
 Wait time after injecting sample before injecting MBTFA:4.0sec

GC-MS conditions

Injection mode: Split/ mode
 Split ratio:10:1
 Injection Port Temp:250 °C
 Column: SH-Rxi-5 Sil MS, 30m × 0.25mm × 0.25μm
 Column oven temp.: 80°C(1.5min), 5°C/min_120°C_20°C/min_180°C(3min)
 Carrier gas: Helium
 Control Mode:Pressure
 Column flow rate:1mL/min
 Purge flow rate:3mL/min
 Ionization mode: EI
 Interface temp.: 250°C
 Ion source temp.: 200°C
 Measurement Mode:Fast(Scan+Sim)
 Scan Mass Range:m/z 45 to 310
 Event time:0.3sec

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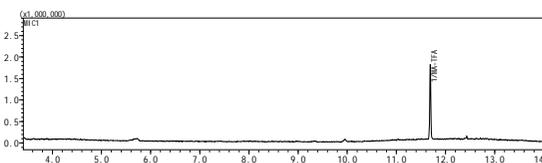


Figure 1 Representative Scan chromatogram (1ppm)

Table 1 Compound Information

ID	R.T (min)	Compound	Target	Ref.Ions
1	11.69	MA-TFA	154	110, 118

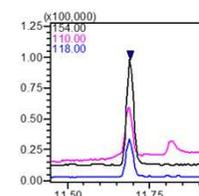


Figure 2 Representative SIM chromatogram(50ppb)

Table 2 Representative calibration curve

ID	Compound	Linear	Coefficient(r)
1	MA-TFA	Y =2458.284X- 11251.11	0.9993

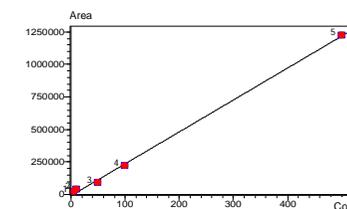


Figure 3 Representative calibration curve

Table 3. Repeatability results (n=5)

ID	Compound	Area					RSD%
		1	2	3	4	5	
1	MA-TFA	138876	137850	152139	146471	141544	4.13

Table 4. Recovery results (n=3)

ID	Spiked Amount	MA-TFA			AVE-Recovery (%)
		Recovery1 (%)	Recovery2 (%)	Recovery3 (%)	
1	45ng	77.68	66.27	61.42	68.48
2	150ng	78.19	89.52	62.08	76.60

5. Conclusions

A Gas Chromatography and Mass Spectrometry and two step injection on-column derivatization method for determination of methamphetamines in human saliva was developed.The saliva samples were extracted by ATLAS-USIS,a new analysis treatment laboratory automatic system. Two step injection mode provides a much easier method for derivatization,where the sample and derivatizing agent (MBTFA) are each injected into the GC sample injection port and derivatized within the column.As a result, Methamphetamines TFA derivative was determined in 15 min with a limit of detection of 0.5 ng/mL and the peak area relative standard deviation was 4.13% when inject 50ng/mL standard solution 5 times in succession.The recoveries were in the range of 68.48~76.60% at the spiked levels of 45~150ng. The method showed a good linearity in detection of neurotransmitters and the linear correlation coefficients were greater than 0.999.Also the stability and recovery were eligible for the analysis.This method was successfully applied to demermination of methamphetamines in human saliva.